

Common Tansy

Category 3: Containment

Limited distribution. High priority for reporting and treatment outside known infestations

Tanacetum vulgare

Family: Asteraceae (Sunflower).

Other Common Names: Garden tansy.

Origin: Europe.

Growth Form/Reproduction: Perennial. Seeds and vegetatively from rhizomes.

Identification: Yellow flowers are numerous in flat-topped, dense clusters at the tops of the plants. Button-like flowers. Leaves are alternate and deeply divided into numerous narrow, individual leaflets.

Legal Status Central Kootenay: WCA (R), FRPA.

Habitat: Best adapted to full sun and fertile, well-drained soil at low- to mid-elevations. Disturbed sites, roadsides, ditches, stream banks, lakeshores, riparian areas, pastures.

Status and Distribution: Widespread throughout the Central Kootenay especially along roadsides and in riparian areas. Edgewood, Arrow Park, Saddle Mountain Road. Whatshan Lake north and south of Nakusp. Pend d'Oreille valley at Seven Mile Dam. Nelson to Balfour, and throughout the Slocan Valley. Crawford Bay to Creston area, Highway 21 to US boarder. *See reverse for map of recorded locations.*

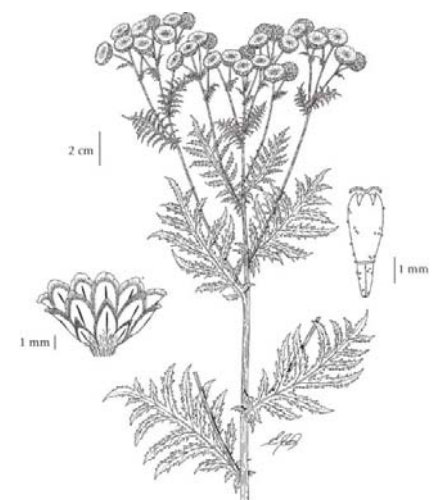
Known Biogeoclimatic Zones: IDFun, ICHdw1, ICHmk1, ICHmw2, ICHvk1, ICHwk1, ICHxw

Management Objectives for Central Kootenay:

- Inventory incomplete. Document and record sites to complete inventory.
- Priority should be given to control and containment of populations near or in riparian habitat. These populations should be eradicated where possible but limiting their dispersal along riparian corridors is critical.

For More Information:

- www.invasiveplantcouncilbc.ca/publications/TIPS/Tansy_TIPS.pdf
- www.weedsbc.ca/pdf/common_tansy.pdf



Tanacetum vulgare

Credits: Photos from Ministry of Agriculture and Lands. Drawing from E-flora.
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Infestations of Common Tansy in the Central Kootenay

